



CLC STAGE 1 QUIZ REVIEW SHEET

Nomen: _____

- **TARGET:** I can identify Latin terms from Stage 1.
- **TARGET:** I can identify Latin familia and people terms.

Stage 1 Terms:

atrium *Reception hall*
coquus *cook*
culina *kitchen*
hortus *garden*
pater *father*
tablinum *study*
via *street*
laborat *she/he works*
in *in, on*

canis *dog*
cubiculum *bedroom*
filius *son*
mater *mother*
servus *slave*
triclinium *dining room*
est *she/he is*
sedet *she/he sits*

People Terms:

homo sapiens *human*
puer *boy*
vir *man*
amicus *m. friend*
deus *god*
miles *soldier*
medicus *doctor*
poeta *poet*
advocatus *lawyer*

puella *girl*
femina *woman*
amica *f. friend*
dea *goddess*
agricola *farmer*
scriba *secretary*
nauta *sailor*
mercator *merchant*

Familia Terms:

familia *family, household*
parens *parent*
mater *mother*
filius *son*
soror *sister*

infans *baby*
pater *father*
filia *daughter*
frater *brother*

- **TARGET:** I can use Latin terms from Stage 1 to read / translate / complete simple Latin sentences and passages.
- **TARGET:** I can use Latin familia and people terms to read / translate / complete simple Latin sentences and passages.

- **TARGET:** I can identify parts of a Latin sentence – subject, linking verb, predicate nominative, predicate adjective, intransitive verb, prep phrase

Grammar Terms:

Subject (S) noun that does the action
 Predicate nominative (PN) noun that completes LV
 Predicate adjective (PA) adjective that completes LV
 Linking verb (LV) est or sunt
 Intransitive verb (IV) action verb without direct object
 Prepositional phrase shows where or how things happen

Sentence Labeling Practice:

S (in tablino) IV
 pater scribit.

S (in culina) IV
 coqus dormit.

S LV PN
 Metella est mater.

S IV
 servus laborat.

S (in cubiculo) IV
 canis latrat.

S IV
 filius bibit.

S LV PA
 canis est laetus.

- **TARGET:** I can identify the characters from Stage 1.

Characters:

Lucius Caecilius Iucundus father – businessman
 Metella mother
 Quintus son
 Cerberus dog
 Clemens servant
 Grumio cook

- **TARGET: I can identify the roles of family members in ancient Rome.**

Romana Familia:

paterfamilias	head of family	patria potestas	fatherly power (life or death)
matrona	married woman	materfamilias	mother of family
liberi	children	servi	slaves
dies lustricus	day of acceptance	role of father:	complete control
average marriage ages		role of mother:	support husband / manage hon
boys:	14-18	what childhood imitated:	adulthood
girls:	12-14		

- **TARGET: I can describe the social classes of ancient Rome.**

Roman Society:

1 patricians	politicians	2 equites / equestrians	wealthy class
3 plebeians	middle class	4 freedmen (libertus / liberta)	former slaves
5 slaves (servus / ancilla)	slaves		

** different rights for different social classes

Roman Slavery:

res loquens	talking tool	source of slaves	captives (POWs), birth, criminal
vindicta	freedom stick	manumissio / manumission	processing of being free
private slave	owned by citizen	public slave	owned by government
civilized slave	Greek / Egyptian	barbarian slave	from Britain, Germany, Gaul, Spain, Asia, Africa
peculium	allowance		
how a slave could be freed:			
	• ceremony		• outstanding service or act
	• buy it		• inheritance at master's death

- **TARGET: I can identify the parts of ancient Roman homes.**

Domus:

domus	city house	villa	country house
insulae	apartment		
taberna	shop	ianua	door
ianitor	doorkeeper	cave canem	beware of the dog
compluvium	skylight	impluvium	shallow collecting pool
lararium	shrine	cubiculum	bedroom
tablinum	study	hypocaust	heating system
triclinium	dining room	culina	kitchen
peristylum	courtyard with columns	latrina	bathroom